Budapest

The capital of Hungary is Budapest. This country is in the European Union.

Situated in Central Europe, it is approximately 1900 kilometers from Carentan.

Hungary is a parliamentary republic,

Pál Schmitt is the president.

In Budapest, there are approximately 1 700 000

inhabitants.

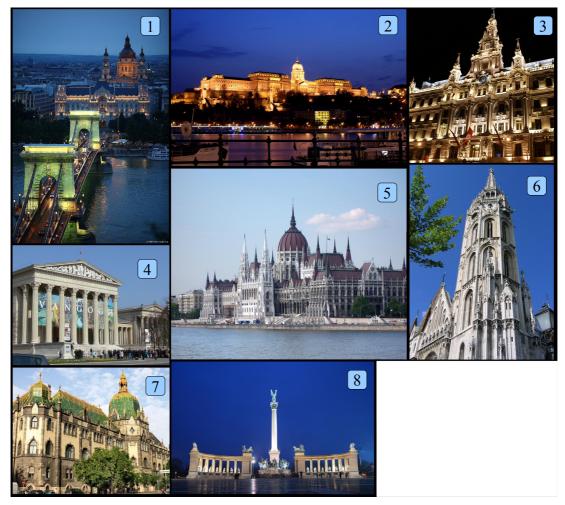




II. The capital of Hungary.

- >The city of Budapest, with more 500km², is the capital of Hungary.
- >It is located in centre north of Hungary.
- >There are more 1'700'000 inhabitants in Budapest
- >The distance from Carentan to Budapest is 1800km !!!
- >Budapest is next to the Danube. It is the fusion between Buda, Pesta and Obuda.
- >Each year, there are twenty million of tourists!!!!!
- >In Budapest, there is the Hungarian parliament.
- >It is the city with the most inhabitants in central Europe.
- >Moreover, in Budapest, there are twenty-two districts.

What to see in Budapest ???



From up to down, from left to right: the Széchenyi Lánchíd, the castle of Buda, the palace New York, the national museum, the parliament, the church « no », the museum of decorative arts, Hősök tere.

1/ The Széchenyi Lánchíd (= tracked bridge = pont à chaines) is a suspended bridge next to the Danube.

2/ Buda castle (= the castle of Buda) is the historical castle and palace of the Hungarian kings. It is world heritage of UNESCO.

3/ Boscolo Budapest Hotel (= the palace New York) is a luxury hotel on the Grand Boulevard of Budapest.

4/ The Hungarian National Museum is the national museum. It is possible to visit this monument for free!

Interior of coffee - Palace New

5/ The parliament is a vast building where seat National Assembly *York* (3) of Hungary. You can visit the parliament but it's paying (for students: 1260 HUF which is 4,31 €).



The parliament (5)

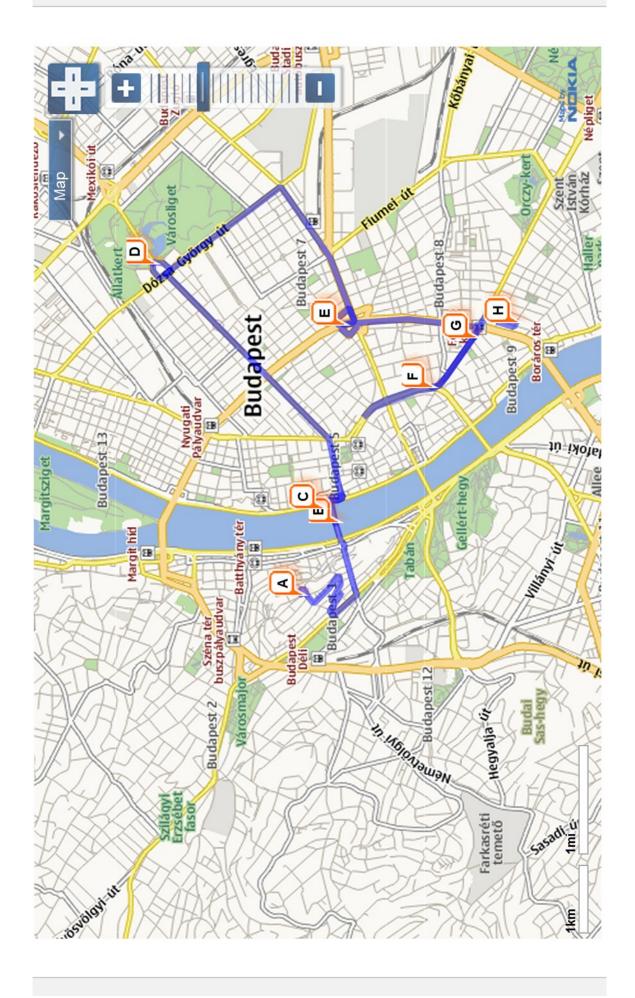
6/ In Budapest, you can see Matthias curch (= church « no »). It is one of the main sanctuaries of Europe.

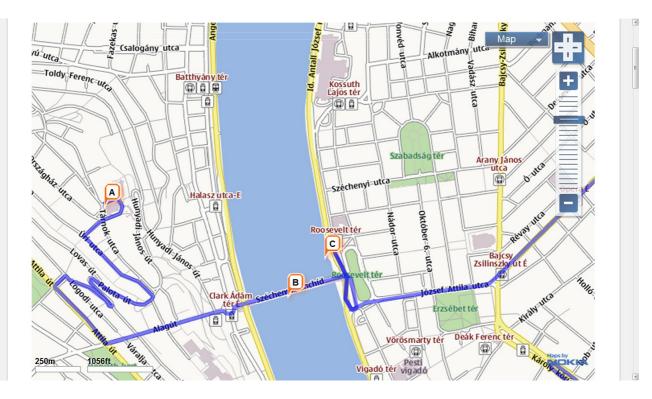
7/ The museum of decorative arts (or museum of applied arts) is the museum which exhibits different works (for example sculptures). But, you must pay $4,10 \in ! ! !$

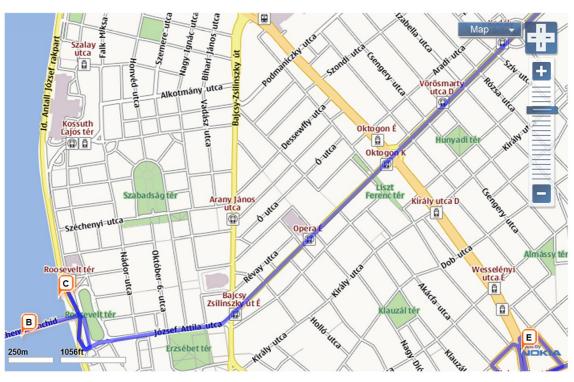
8/ « Hősök tere » is a large square ; next to this square, there is the museum of fine arts. On this site, you can see a millenary monument.

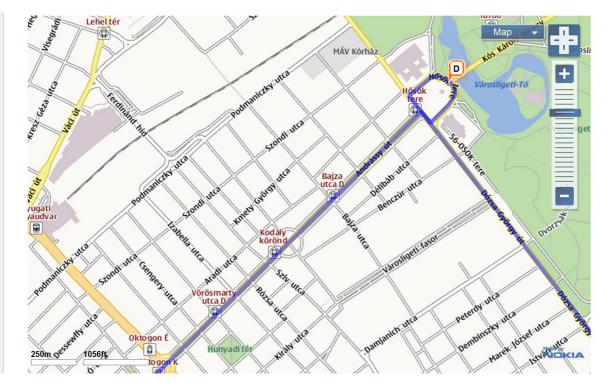
On the following plans:

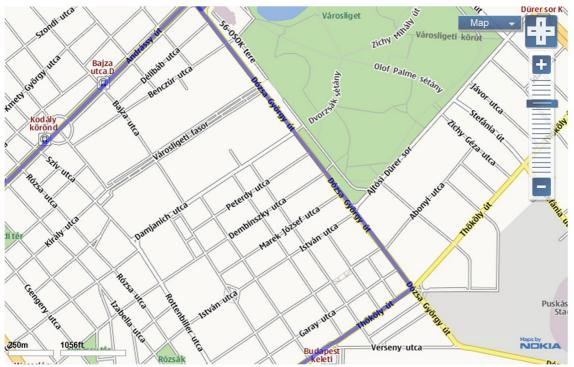
- A.The church « no »
- B. The Széchenyi Lánchíd
- C.The parliament
- D.Hősök tere
- E. The palace New York
- G.The museum of decorative arts
- F. The national museum,
- H. The castle of Buda

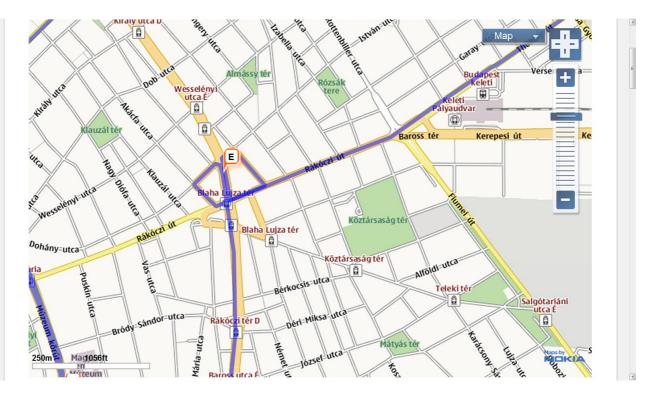


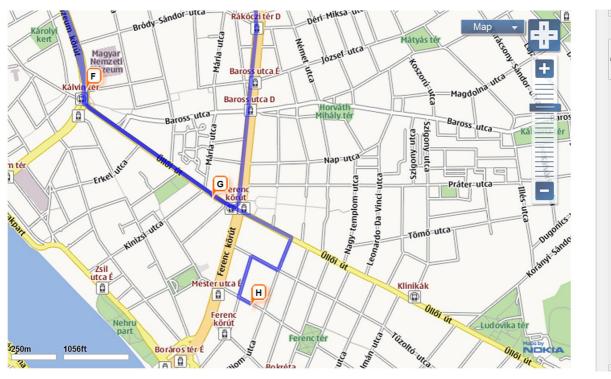












Pictures of Budapest



Budapest by air



Opera of Hungary



Hősök tere (= place des Héros) (8)



Budapest Széchenyi Lánchíd (1)

IV. Who are the personalities of Budapest? The principal evenment.

The important personality in Budapest:

- -Theodor HERZL (1860-1904): he was a Jewish writer.
- -Felix SALTEN (1869-1945): It's an Austrian writer. He was born in Budapest.
- -Georg SOLTI (1912-1997): One of the important choir leader.
- -Imre KERTESZ (1929): He is a writer. He has won the Nobel price of literature (in 2002)
- -Raoul WALLENBERG (1912-1947): He was one of the most important persons in 1944 because he has helped a thousand of Jewish people to escape the Shoah.

The main events:

During the spring, there is the festival of Budapest with activities like dance, theatre, operas, exhibitions...

During the summer, on Obuda island, there is the festival of music of Europe.

During the autumn, there is a festival of autumn at Budapest with jazz music, dance and exhibitions.

There is a celebration of the fifteen march 1848. It is a public ceremony to celebrate the Hungarian revolution of 1848.

On the twentieth of August, they celebrate the foundation of Hungary state by Etienne 1st of Hungary. This day, there is a medieval market next to the Buda Castle and there are fireworks in the center of Danube.

Maxime HEBERT
Jimmy LEPRINCE
Bastien DEFOURNEAUX
Manon DESMEULES